
Analysis of Intelligent Path of AI-enabled Security Education and Management in Colleges and Universities

Ming Sima

School of Marxism, Luoyang Normal University, Luoyang 471934, Henan, China

Copyright: © 2025 Author(s). This is an open-access article distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution License (CC BY 4.0), permitting distribution and reproduction in any medium, provided the original work is cited

Abstract: In the era of rapid advancement in digital economy and artificial intelligence technologies, university safety education and management must adapt to evolving demands and diverse student needs. Traditional approaches to campus security have proven inadequate in addressing complex and dynamic risk scenarios. The rise of AI technology presents new opportunities for innovation in this field. This paper examines practical requirements for university safety operations, analyzes development opportunities and existing challenges brought by AI empowerment, and explores implementation pathways for AI-driven intelligent safety management. The study provides actionable insights to modernize campus safety education and establish intelligent security systems.

Keywords: AI; Universities; Safety education and management; Intelligentization

Online publication: September 26, 2025

1. Preface

With the deepening integration of information technology and the continuous expansion of higher education, university safety environments have become increasingly complex, with security risks growing more diverse, covert, and sudden. Universities still face challenges in safety education and management, including rigid operational models and insufficient technological application. Traditional approaches relying on offline publicity campaigns and periodic inspections struggle to achieve precise risk prevention and effective resolution, failing to fully meet the practical demands of modern campus safety. Against the backdrop of widespread adoption of artificial intelligence across various fields, integrating AI technology into university safety education and management has emerged as a crucial strategy to overcome traditional limitations and enhance governance effectiveness. Research on intelligent pathways for AI-enabled safety education and management will not only drive innovative development in safety education models and improve the relevance and practical efficacy of security measures, but also provide robust support for creating safe campuses, safeguarding students' healthy growth, and ensuring stable university development. This initiative holds significant practical significance and real-world value.

2. Opportunities of AI empowerment for security education and management in universities

2.1. Grasping the pulse of the times and empowering the modernization of safety education

Digital empowerment serves as both an essential requirement and a practical tool for modernizing safety education. Through digital educational formats like multimedia courseware and online learning platforms, safety knowledge delivery becomes vivid and concrete. Information technology also enables personalized learning path customization, generating tailored optimization plans and resource matching suggestions based on individual student needs, thereby enhancing learning efficiency and achieving better outcomes. The modernization of safety education in higher education institutions requires digital transformation of educational resources. In today's era of rapid digital technology development, digital formats such as e-books, online courses, and video instruction are gradually replacing traditional paper-based teaching materials. These digital resources feature real-time updates, comprehensive content, and diverse formats, allowing swift feedback on safety information updates and knowledge iterations. Digital development also facilitates the sharing, integration, and optimized utilization of educational resources. Higher education institutions can leverage big data analytics and cloud services to systematically aggregate and allocate educational resources across departments and disciplines, establishing centralized safety knowledge storage platforms. This improves resource allocation efficiency and facilitates interdisciplinary collaboration among faculty. The modernization reform of safety education in universities should focus on digitizing and intelligentizing educational processes. By utilizing digital and intelligent tools, the quality of teacher-student interactions and student engagement will significantly improve. Students can access more abundant learning resources through smart electronic devices. Digital and intelligent technologies also empower intelligent educational management^[1].

2.2. Focusing on the development of students and expanding the international vision of safety education

Amid the accelerating transformation of global order and intensifying competition for technological supremacy, higher education must cultivate students' ability to analyze security issues through a global perspective, recognizing their complex interconnections. AI technology enables precise assessment of global security dynamics, meeting the multidimensional talent development needs in cross-border collaboration while strengthening the safeguard system for national core interests^[2].

The pressing priority is to expand the international framework of national security education. Amid the rapid advancement of artificial intelligence, innovative national security education should transcend traditional national boundaries, integrate a global perspective, and utilize cross-border case studies to grasp global security trends. This approach enhances college students' understanding of the multifaceted nature and complex manifestations of national security, deepening their grasp of related issues. Teenagers leveraging internet platforms for cross-regional peer communication can extend their cross-border cognition while improving cultural adaptability, thereby establishing a cognitive foundation for national security. With AI development progressing swiftly, national security education for college students now prioritizes cultivating global thinking. Through teaching methods like simulating global security scenarios and analyzing international cooperation cases, students learn to examine national security situations from a transnational perspective and devise creative response strategies. This global vision training enhances students' innovation capabilities and problem-solving skills. The integration of AI technology has significantly improved both the realism and operational efficiency of simulation exercises. Utilizing modular international crisis simulation systems, virtual training environments enable students to practice crisis response and decision analysis. These highly realistic drills substantially strengthen students' emergency response capabilities and strategic planning proficiency. As the driving force in modernization efforts, college students must prioritize both practical safety measures and a macro-level understanding of national security policies. Through systematic study of the legal framework and policies for national security, they should clearly recognize their responsibilities and roles in safeguarding national security, thereby strengthening their intrinsic motivation. By contributing to the security landscape through their professional duties and enhancing comprehensive safety awareness, this approach fosters a positive societal atmosphere where all members actively defend national security^[3].

2.3. Leading the digital trend and building an intelligent safety education system

Educational reform is evolving from “instrumental AI application” to “structural integration of intelligence,” with intelligent transformation becoming the core driver of educational innovation. By adopting AI-powered approaches in safety education, this technology has revolutionized teaching methodologies, achieving dual improvements in both efficiency and applicability. Teachers now utilize smart instructional tools to dynamically adjust lesson plans and practical methods based on students’ classroom performance and knowledge acquisition levels, enhancing teaching relevance. Key advancements include

- (1) Employing AI-driven strategies to master safety education essentials
- (2) Implementing intelligent technologies for evaluating educational outcomes

Through AI integration, safety education implementation channels extend to smart platforms. By combining behavioral pattern analysis and learning process tracking tools, personalized learning paths are created for students, enabling efficient Q&A sessions and academic support while accommodating diverse learning needs. Modernizing safety education systems relies on AI-assisted evaluation technologies. Through intelligent monitoring solutions, teachers can track students’ homework progress and knowledge absorption in real-time, allowing for precise teaching support. AI-powered analytical modules conduct in-depth analysis of students’ academic progress and effectiveness, empowering teachers to implement targeted teaching strategies that enhance the quality and implementation standards of safety education^[4].

3. Challenges in safety education and management in colleges and universities

3.1. Lack of diversity in safety education models

Current campus safety education faces notable challenges, including outdated methodologies and ineffective engagement. Universities still adhere to traditional one-way approaches, relying on lectures, printed materials, and static bulletin boards. This model lacks interactive mechanisms and experiential elements, failing to motivate students or foster classroom interaction. The repetitive teaching methods further reinforce students’ resistance to safety education, resulting in poor learning outcomes in safety knowledge acquisition^[5].

3.2. The risk early warning system is slow to respond.

Contemporary early warning mechanisms in higher education institutions often exhibit delayed responses, failing to meet the practical demands of campus safety management. Early warning systems predominantly rely on manual monitoring and empirical judgment, lacking the development of scientific risk assessment models and data-driven support systems. This results in an inability to effectively integrate early risk identification with rapid alerts. Campus safety monitoring typically occurs only after incidents occur, with significant delays in the collection and transmission of warning information, thereby diminishing the effectiveness of preemptive interventions. Existing early warning technologies demonstrate limitations in practical application, including delayed responses, incomplete monitoring, and inaccurate identification, making it challenging to issue timely warnings for many potential safety hazards^[6].

3.3. The speed of emergency response needs to be improved

During emergency response operations, the current system demonstrates inadequate flexibility and weak real-time responsiveness. Management bodies at all levels hesitate to act due to unfamiliarity with response protocols, while field rescue teams struggle with low efficiency caused by insufficient training. Disconnections in implementing emergency procedures, coupled with a disconnect between standardized protocols and actual field conditions, lead to chaotic on-site operations. Furthermore, emergency drills lack both relevance and practicality, making it difficult to handle emergencies efficiently and systematically^[7].

3.4. Weak data-driven decision support

University security management departments demonstrate inadequate capabilities in data processing and significant gaps in AI technology integration. While institutions possess vast amounts of security-related data, these resources remain underutilized as they are merely stored and organized without leveraging AI for in-depth analysis, failing to fully realize their potential value. Most security administrators lack proficiency in using artificial intelligence to efficiently process bulk data, resulting in delayed detection of potential risks. The lack of standardized data collection protocols and disorganized information entry further hinders effective data mining. Particularly, the insufficient implementation of AI applications severely impedes the transition of university security management toward data-driven scientific decision-making approaches^[8].

4. Intelligent path of AI-enabled security education and management in universities

4.1. Promoting the intelligentization of safety training

To address the limitations of traditional safety education formats, universities must establish a comprehensive safety training platform. The initial phase should prioritize optimizing content delivery by providing tailored learning materials based on user demographics and practical needs. During the assessment phase, implementing data-driven evaluation systems that automatically capture and analyze student activity logs enables real-time adjustments to instructional difficulty levels, ensuring alignment with learners' actual progress. The platform should incorporate scenario-based simulations and immersive teaching methods to transform theoretical knowledge into practical skills. Through deep integration of artificial intelligence, safety education becomes more vivid and adaptable, fostering students' proactive engagement. This shift from conventional approaches to a flexible, high-impact system significantly enhances teaching effectiveness^[9].

4.2. Realize the real-time risk monitoring and early warning

Universities can implement AI-powered intelligent security monitoring and early warning systems to achieve multi-layered campus protection. During risk identification and assessment, institutions can utilize smart alert methodologies that integrate historical data with real-time feedback for tiered risk management and dynamic tracking. Through coordinated deployment of high-definition surveillance cameras, sensor arrays, and IoT components across campuses, universities establish a multi-tiered data collection framework^[10]. This enables tiered alert response mechanisms that automatically activate corresponding emergency protocols based on risk severity. The deep integration of intelligent algorithms delivers dual benefits: enhanced alert timeliness and reduced error rates, effectively transitioning security management from reactive response to proactive prevention. These measures significantly reduce the occurrence of campus incidents.

4.3. Strengthening the coordination of emergency command and dispatch

Universities can develop digital emergency command systems integrating AI core functionalities to comprehensively enhance response efficiency in emergencies. When implementing emergency measures, intelligent scheduling algorithms are required to achieve precise allocation and efficient deployment of emergency resources, ensuring rapid delivery of rescue assets to target locations^[11]. Through AI-assisted decision-making tools, commanders can instantly receive intelligent response strategies tailored to real-time situational awareness and historical experience, thereby improving decision accuracy and timeliness. In terms of collaborative management, command centers can establish intelligent collaborative management platforms that break down data silos between departments, enabling timely sharing and rapid transmission of operational data. The system is equipped with an intelligent situational awareness module that employs multi-source data analysis to achieve comprehensive command visibility. Powered by AI technology, the command center system can shorten emergency response times, enhance the logic and operability of incident handling, and achieve intelligent updates in emergency management^[12].

4.4. Deepening the data-driven approach to safety decision-making

Universities can develop integrated AI-powered security data analysis platforms to transcend the performance limitations of traditional data analysis. The system requires AI-enabled data collection components and deep learning models to comprehensively analyze heterogeneous information such as campus security footage, emergency incident records, and crisis management data through intelligent algorithms^[13]. Leveraging data mining technologies and machine learning methods, the system can conduct in-depth analysis of historical security data, intelligently track the progression and correlation dimensions of security incidents, and formulate reasonable risk mitigation plans accordingly^[14]. From a data-driven perspective, universities can establish graphical data visualization terminals to transform complex analyses into clear decision-making aids. The system should achieve automated report generation and enable scheduled delivery of security status reports. Through deep integration of AI, both the speed and quality of data analysis will be enhanced, enabling the system to evolve from data statistics to trend prediction. This provides reliable data support for university security management decisions^[15].

5. Epilogue

AI technology presents transformative opportunities for university security, highlighting critical challenges in security education and management models, early warning systems, incident response, and decision-making. It specifically proposes an intelligent implementation roadmap encompassing training, monitoring, emergency response, and decision-making. AI empowers the modernization of university security education and management by providing core momentum. Through deep integration of technology and security operations, it effectively breaks through traditional operational bottlenecks, enhancing the scientific rigor and precision of security governance. With continuous AI technological advancements and expanding application scenarios, university security education and management will evolve toward greater intelligence, efficiency, and foresight.

Disclosure statement

The author declares no conflict of interest.

References

- [1] Zhang J, 2025, Research on the Practical Path of Integrating National Security Education into University Talent Cultivation in the Era of Artificial Intelligence. *East China Science and Technology*, 2025(09): 141–143.
- [2] Huang H, 2025, Threefold Logic of Innovation in University Safety Education: Event·Time·Context, *Shanxi Science and Technology News*.
- [3] Li J, Zhang S, 2025, Modernization of Safety Education for College Students: Connotation, Characteristics and Objectives. *Ideological and Political Work in Higher Education*, 2025(01): 8–13.
- [4] Xu X, Gong C, 2025, Research on College Students' Network Ideology and National Security Education Under the Background of Informatization. *China Military-to-Civilian Transition*, 2025(11): 92–94.
- [5] Chen C, 2025, Challenges and Countermeasures in Ideological Security Education for Higher Education Institutions in the New Era. *Journal of Beijing Vocational College of Political Science and Law*, 2025(02): 102–108.
- [6] Liu D, Zhou Y, Chen Z, 2025, Research on Digital Technology Empowering Innovation in Laboratory Safety Education in Higher Education Institutions. *Science and Technology Horizon*, 15(17): 85–88.
- [7] Li X, 2025, Research on the Value, Opportunities, Challenges and Pathways of National Security Education in Higher Education Institutions in the Era of Artificial Intelligence. *Heilongjiang Education (Higher Education Research and*

Evaluation), 2025(06): 7–10.

- [8] Zhang S, 2025, The Intrinsic Logic and Implementation Path of National Security Education in Universities in the New Era. *Research on University Student Affairs*, 2025(01): 104–116.
- [9] Zhang Y, 2025, Research on the Empowerment of National Security Education in Higher Education Institutions by Artificial Intelligence. *Journal of Ningxia Normal University*, 46(05): 13–19.
- [10] Li B, 2025, Cybersecurity Education in University in the Big Data Era. *Knowledge Library*, 41(08): 148–151.
- [11] Zhang S, 2024, Exploring Educational Approaches for Cybersecurity Awareness Among College Students in the New Era. *Chengcai Road*, 2024(32): 45–48.
- [12] Zhao W, 2024, Challenges and Solutions in Cybersecurity Education for Higher Education in the New Era. *Journal of Changchun Institute of Education*, 40(05): 62–67.
- [13] Song S, Chen C, Zhang Y, 2024, Research on Cybersecurity Education Pathways for College Students in the “Internet+” Era. *Office Automation*, 29(12): 23–25.
- [14] Hao Q, Chen Z, 2024, Exploring Diversified Approaches to Safety Education in Higher Education Institutions—A Review of “Theories and Practices of Safety Education for College Students”. *China Journal of Safety Science*, 34(06): 249.
- [15] Lian L, 2024, Application of Gamify AI Educational Robot in University Safety Education, thesis, Fujian Normal University.

Publisher’s note

Whioce Publishing remains neutral with regard to jurisdictional claims in published maps and institutional affiliations.